Past & Present

1



Filed Articles of Incorporation – April 15th, 1965

Purpose:

- 1. Water and canal privileges include flood control, irrigation, and livestock.
- 2. Purchase real estate.
- 3. Borrow money and other indebtedness instruments and enter into agreements & contracts.
- 4. Canal services and water shall be provided at associated costs on a non-profit basis.

The Canal Company has revised their bylaws in 1975, 1988 & 1991, but no revisions changed the purpose of the Company.

Brownsville Canal Company, Inc. Vector Control 9 Millian Maria Flood Control & Irrigation Livestock Watering

4

Practice:

- ★ Members assisted each other controlling irrigation and water use for livestock.
- ★ Members used to dam the Calapooia River annually.
- ★ Members share duties and, in some cases, money was collected to make improvements and repairs.



Recent History (2004-2008):

- 1. Members disagreed over the removal of the dam proposed by the Calapooia Watershed Council.
- 2. The Calapooia Watershed Council forged ahead with multiple State & Federal agencies to remove the dam and install pumps to force water into the canal.
- 3. The City of Brownsville secured an easement from John Holbrook and passed two Resolutions, 605 & 611, regarding the disposition of the canal; entered into agreement with Pacific Power.
- 4. Members grew concerned about personal liability by being a member or owning land adjacent to the canal.
- 5. Membership no longer cooperates with each other which has led to divisions that are unresolved to date.

Recent History (2008-Present):

- 1. The City of Brownsville has had Staff keep the canal operational over the last seventeen years at the City's expense.
- 2. Officers worked with a several attorneys to redefine membership.
- 3. Officers purchased liability insurance for membership and did their best to answer liability questions & concerns.
- 4. Officers made repairs to the canal at their own expense both monetarily and in sweat equity.



Recent History (2008-Present):

- 5. Officers determined the Company owns a forty-foot (40') strip of land from the Calapooia River to the Eagle Woolen Mill site on Millhouse Street.
- 6. The canal has rarely been cleaned or re-established for years.
- 7. Officers have considered standards for culverts and crossings of the canal, but nothing has been implemented.
- 8. Officers & members temporarily entertained dissolution of the Company.

The City & the Company

Options:

- 1. Do nothing.
- 2. Propose an ORS Drainage Taxing District.
- 3.) Create a partnership agreement with the Company. The City would act as fiduciary agent, continue operations, and begin re-establishing the canal through third-party contractual arrangements made by the Company as funding allows.
- 4. Create a partnership agreement with the Company. Create a city-wide stormwater utility encompassing all property owners of Brownsville. Establish a division that pertains to the agreement with the Company.
- 5. Other Variations.



The City & the Company **Obstacles & Challenges:** Lack of General Public Knowledge & Purpose. Lack of Cooperation. Strong Personalities. Personal Histories. Historical Differences. Financial Concerns. Ownership Disputes. Lack of Leadership. 9. Political Will. 10. TMDL & State Agencies.

The City & the Company

Benefits:

- 1. City taxpayers are not footing the entire bill for the Company.
- 2. The people benefitting are the people paying for the service.
- 3. Maintenance is easier to contract.
- 4. Operational funds pay for insurance & future maintenance.
- 5. Standards are established for culverts & crossings.
- 6. A long-standing source of contention is resolved.
- 7. Water will be drained properly and more efficiently.
- 8. Clear lines of responsibilities are established.



Proposed Numbers

Benefitting Brownsville Properties

of Properties | \$ per Year | Subtotal

230	\$50	\$11,500
230	\$60	\$13,800
230	\$70	\$16,100
230	\$80	\$18,400

Water Right Properties

of Water Rights | \$ per Year | Subtotal

13	\$200	\$2,600
13	\$250	\$3,250
13	\$300	\$3,900
13	\$350	\$4,550

Annual Revenue Yield Range

Total			
City	230	Rights	
\$50	\$14,100	\$200	
\$60	\$17,050	\$250	
\$70	\$20,000	\$300	
\$80	\$22,950	\$350	



The Canal Company determines how the money will be distributed between the three funding categories, Annual Operating Expenses, Immediate Repairs, and Future Improvements.



Annual Operating Expenses: Insurance - \$850/year Electricity - \$2,500/year.



Immediate Repairs:
Leaks, breaches,
problem trees,
keeping the ditch
free & clear.

Future Improvements:
Savings toward major
improvements like
surveying the ditch,
preparing for a major
cleaning. Saving for
future pump
replacement costs.





2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$26.70	\$26.79	\$26.75	\$26.40	\$26.29
\$26.79	\$26.79	\$26.43	\$26.29	\$26.29
\$26.79	\$26.79	\$26.43	\$26.29	\$26.29
\$26.79	\$26.79	\$26.43	\$26.29	\$26.29
\$26.79	\$26.79	\$26.43	\$26.29	\$26.29
\$26.79	\$26.79	\$26.53	\$689.58	\$26.29
\$537.55	\$493.03	\$436.14	\$944.25	\$650.58
\$1,042.36	\$842.45	\$939.20	\$920.39	\$1,459.72
\$663.73	\$355.77	\$891.70	\$100.19	\$1,035.10
\$143.45	\$246.40	\$776.53	\$26.29	\$154.76
\$26.79	\$26.82	\$313.95	\$26.29	\$26.29
\$26.79	\$26.82	\$26.43	\$26.29	\$26.29
\$2,601.32	\$2,152.03	\$3,542.95	\$2,864.84	\$3,510.48





2019	2018	2017	2016
\$26.68	\$26.68	\$34.09	\$43.06
\$26.68	\$26.68	\$34.09	\$43.06
\$417.92	\$26.68	\$34.09	\$43.06
\$848.05	\$242.08	\$803.75	\$627.50
\$1,035.71	\$923.22	\$970.48	\$1,288.77
\$256.61	\$699.83	\$518.56	\$1,372.99
\$26.68	\$171.52	\$174.24	\$26.68
\$26.68	\$34.09	\$43.17	\$26.68
\$26.68	\$34.09	\$43.17	\$26.68
\$26.68	\$34.09	\$43.06	\$26.68
\$26.68	\$34.09	\$43.06	\$26.68
\$26.68	\$34.09	\$43.17	\$26.68
\$2,771.73	\$2,287.14	\$2,784.93	\$3,578.52





2015	2014	2013	2012
\$26.68	\$42.89	\$41.91	\$43.47
\$26.68	\$42.89	\$576.21	\$85.76
\$26.68	\$63.13	\$994.72	\$1,209.98
\$250.09	\$649.30	\$593.35	\$1,118.77
\$712.45	\$931.10	\$1,185.55	\$1,134.69
\$539.95	\$852.27	\$799.31	\$40.52
\$42.75	\$40.42	\$41.77	\$41.58
\$42.75	\$40.42	\$41.77	\$41.48
\$42.75	\$40.42	\$41.77	\$41.58
\$42.87	\$40.42	\$41.77	\$41.48
\$42.89	\$40.42	\$41.77	\$41.48
\$42.89	\$41.59	\$43.13	\$41.55
\$1,839.43	\$2,825.27	\$4,443.03	\$3,882.34





	2011	2010	2009	2008	
	\$41.54	\$34.48	\$32.22	\$43.33	
	\$211.42	\$430.88	\$32.97		
	\$839.87	\$697.23	\$545.70		
	\$819.43	\$665.77	\$593.26		
	\$1,018.31	\$823.63	\$788.73		
	\$502.95	\$516.11	\$634.86		
	\$57.37	\$484.59	\$24.82		
	\$36.77	\$34.98	\$29.36		
	\$36.77	\$34.97	\$29.36		
	\$36.77	\$34.97	\$29.36		
	\$36.77	\$32.34	\$29.36		
	\$34.76	\$32.15	\$29.36		
	\$3,672.73	\$3,822.10	\$2,799.36	\$43.33	

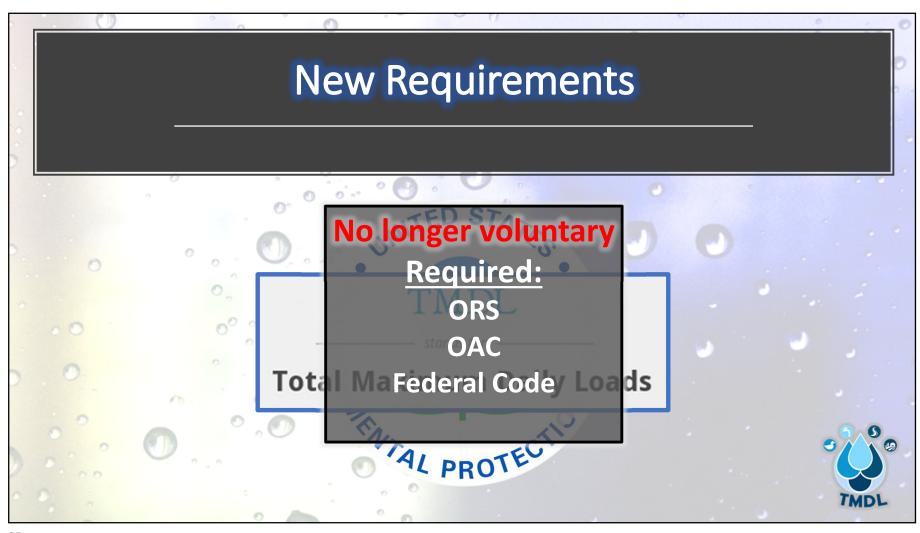


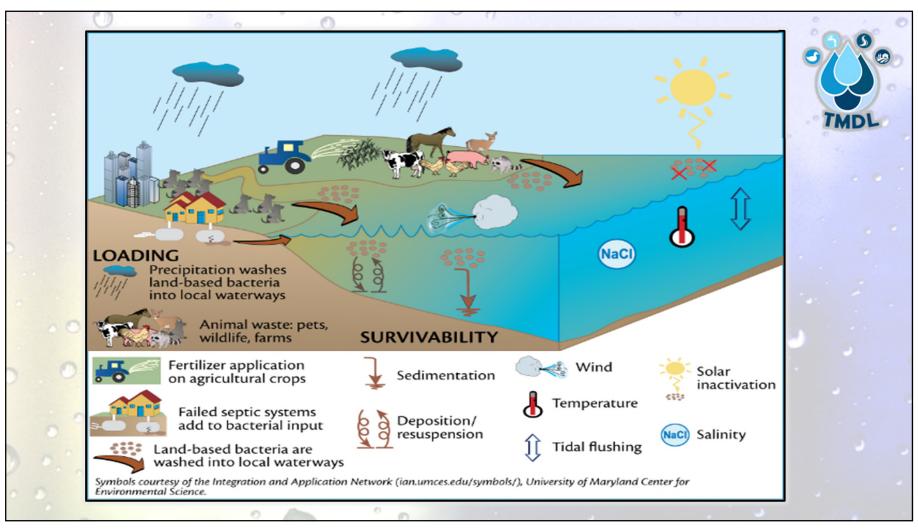


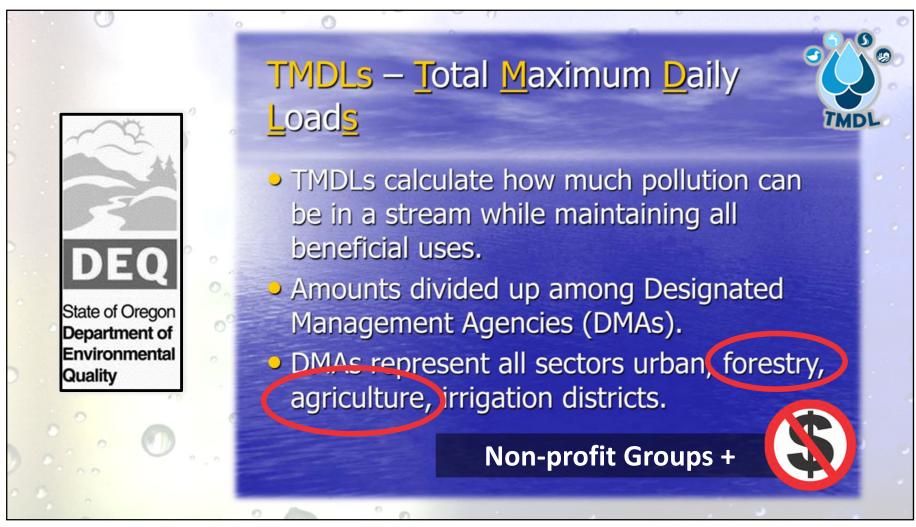
Why is the City getting involved?



Over 200 residents benefit from the proper maintenance of this drainage canal. All Brownsville taxpayers have been paying for the costs since 2008. The City has an aesthetic water right.







Designated Management Agency (DMA)



Certified Mail 7017 0530 0000 7760 7367

March 3, 2021

Brownsville City Council 255 N Main St. Brownsville, OR. 97327

Re: EPA takes final action on Revised Willamette Basin Mercury Total Maximum Daily Load

Dear City Council Members:

Department of Environmental Qua

I QUATAL PROTECT Agency Headquarters 700 NE Multnomah Street, Suite 600 Portland, OR 97232 (503) 229-5696 FAX (503) 229-6124 TTY 711

City of Brownsville



Designated Management Agency (DMA)

The EPA's TMDL says that the required reasonable assurance of implementation for the TMDL relies on DEQ's Water Quality Management Plan. The WOMP was issued on Nov. 22, 2019 as part of the DEQ Final Revised W received this letter because DEC Agency in the WQMP. Therefore strategies to reduce mercury according to the City of Brownsville.

(DMA)

ENTAL PROTE aily Load. You ated Management mplementing MP that are specific

THE SAVIRONA

As a DMA, the City of Brownsville is required under OAR 340-42-080 to prepare a TMDL implementation plan to incorporate implementation requirements in the WQMP based on several criteria. TMDL implementation plans must be submitted to DEQ for review and approval by September 3, 2022, which is 18 months from the date of this letter. Should the City of Brownsville fail to submit the plan by this date, this matter may be referred to the Department's Office of Compliance and Enforcement for formal enforcement action, including the assessment of civil penalties and/or a Department Order. Please note that civil penalties can be assessed for each day of violation.



Designated Management Agency (DMA)



4.3. Limitations to TMDL Implementation

The City of Brownsville recognizes and understands the programmatic efforts being made to reduce overall pollutant loading by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) through the DEQ under the Clean Water Act. The City is interested in promoting these programmatic efforts as local funding allows. Public education is a major component of the City's TMDL Plan. The

other major of the pla implement stormwater concerns of the pla implement stormwater concerns

developments imize the o

The City of Sources of the completed a Drainage Master Plan in 19 sponse to the flood of 1996. The outcome of the report was that the City did not have an adequate drainage system (as previously discussed in Section 3.3.3. stormwater is primarily conveyed to waterbodies via open drainage ditches). The Drainage Master Plan also provided an estimated cost of over \$3 million to implement a skeletal stormwater system, with design based off the Rational Method for a 5-year storm event. The City has not yet created a stormwater utility due to the major needs the City has for existing water and sanitary systems improvements.



Oregon Department of Environmental Quality

Willamette Basin Toxics Monitoring Summary

Sample Collection:

- Water samples: 180 samples, 31 locations
- Sediment samples: 22 samples, 22 locations
- Tissue samples: 36 samples, 24 locations
- Chemical groups included:
 - Current-use pesticides, consumer use products, combustion by-products, dioxins and furans, flameretardants, industrial chemicals, legacy pesticides, PCBs, and metals



Key Findings:

- DEQ did not find evidence of toxics that pose an immediate risk to human health or the environment
- It is safe to swim in the Willamette River
- Oregon Health Authority issues fish advisories about when its safe to eat fish
- DEQ staff selected 11 monitoring locations to become a part of the Water Toxics Monitoring Program's trender network

TMDL

Forever Requirements



Temperature

 Riparian Vegetation, 2. Public Education, 3. WWTP – NPDES, 4. Tree City, and 5. Park Master Plan*

Bacteria

 Pet & Animal Waste, 2. Stormwater BMP's – Development, 3. I & I - Maintenance & Costs, 4. Erosion & Sediment Control, and 5. WWTP - NPDES

Mercury

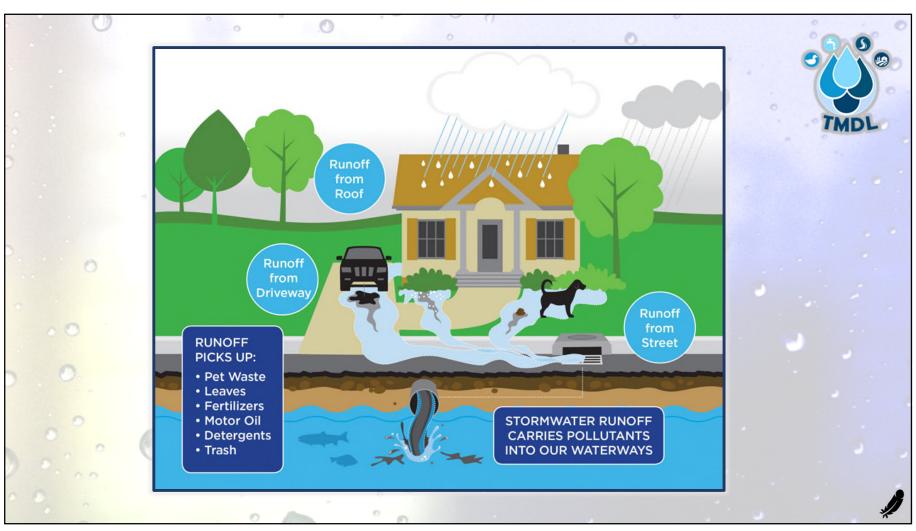
1. Erosion & Sediment Control, and 2. Stormwater BMP's – Public Education

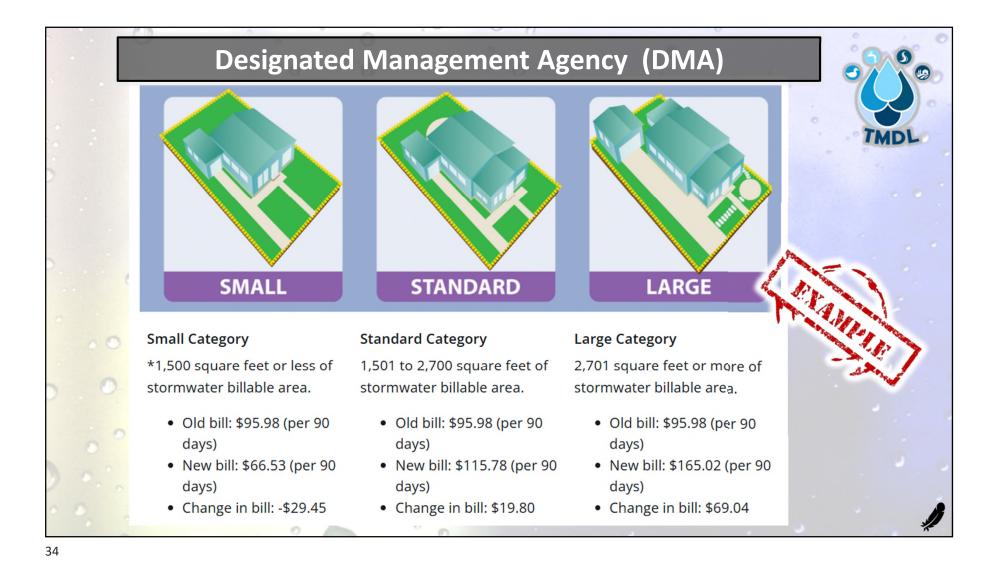
IDDE

1. Public Reporting & Staff Tracking

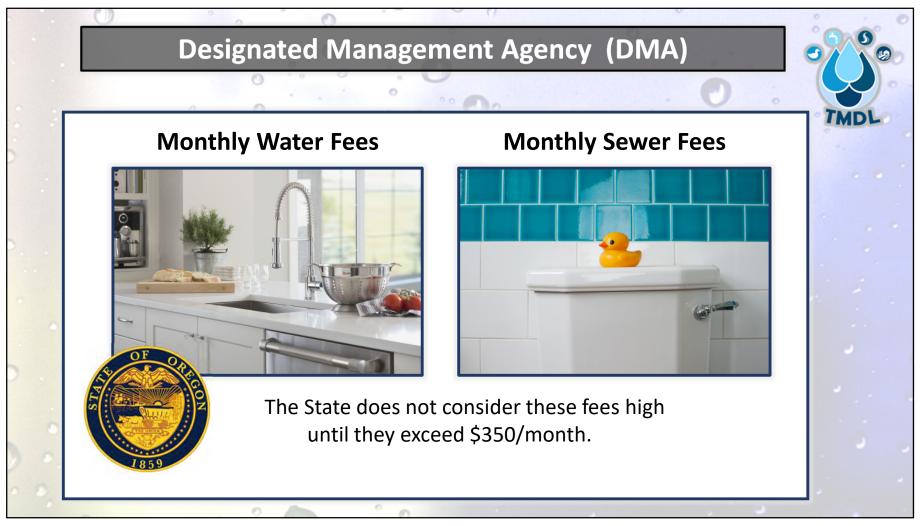
All Pollutants

 Housekeeping: Street Sweeping; Leaf Collection, 2. Council Support, 3. Staff Reporting & Promoting, and 4) Watershed Support*



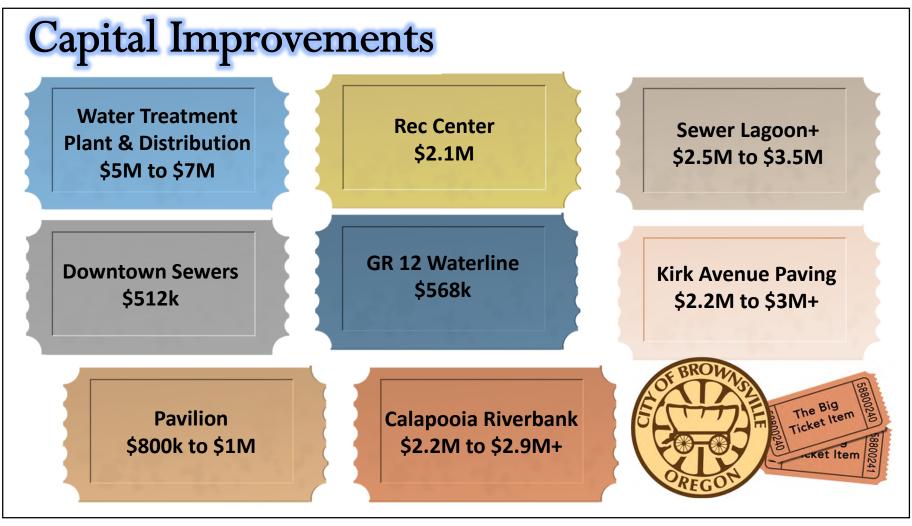


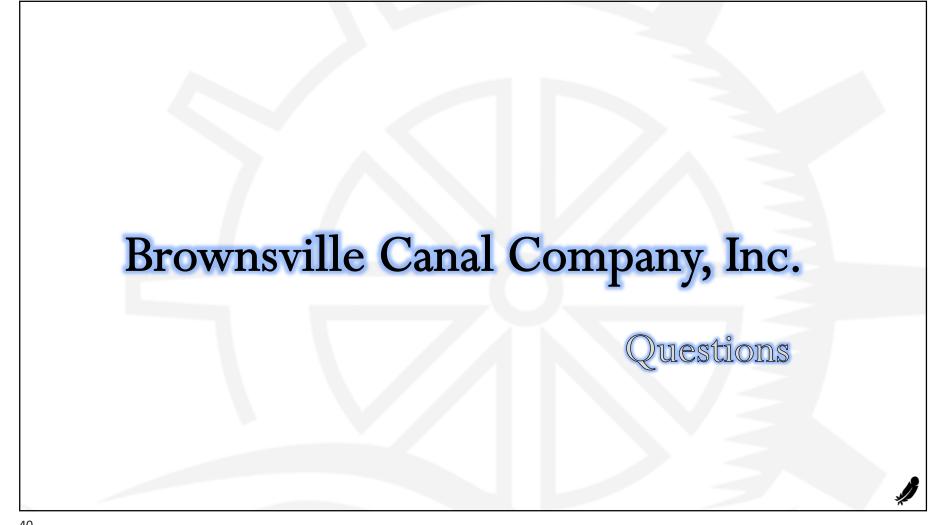












How will I be notified for maintenance to the Canal?



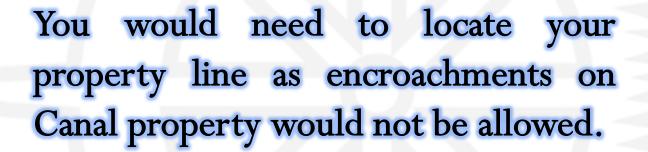


The Board will develop policies that attend to these details. More than likely, it will be a phone call for an immediate repair. For larger projects, annual and as-needed meetings will be held to inform residents.





What about placing a fence or a shed?







What if I need to install a culvert?



The Company will create standards and policies for installing culverts and other appurtenances as may be needed by the membership.

What about the Tail Races are they included in this?



There are two diversions that act as 1) a diversion channel to direct water flow before the water gets to Brownsville, and 2) to return the water back to the Calapooia River. Both are a vital part of the Mill Race.

Past Arguments & Points of Discussion



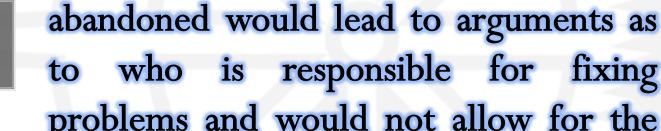
Fill it in | Filling in the ditch would adversely impact many lots. It would also violate Oregon Drainage Law.

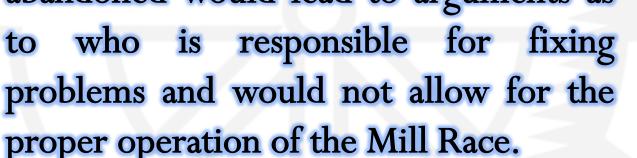


Past Arguments & Points of Discussion

Abandon it | Allowing the ditch to be

West Nile Zika & More









Annual Revenue Yield Range

Annual Charge	Total	
City	230	Rights
\$50	\$14,100	\$200
\$60	\$17,050	\$250
\$70	\$20,000	\$300
\$80	\$22,950	\$350



Next Steps

1. Hold a Canal Company meeting to vote on whether to move forward with an agreement with the City.



- 2. Council would draft an ordinance and assist in finalizing the agreement with the Company.
- 3. The agreement & ordinance would determine time frame for charges to be levied and other operational details.

Thank You